

Inquiry/driving Questions:

How much energy can we capture from a stream by creating a water wheel?

Predictions/hypothesis:

We will be able to capture enough energy to charge an iPhone in 20 hours

Experimental design:

Blueprint drawing and circuit

First we glue spoons to a hand generator and attach it to a stand

Next we attached 1 LED lights to the circuit

Then we will test 2 LED lights

We are going to connect an volt meter to the circuit without LED lights to get the most energy

We will then multiply the volts and amps together to get the watts

We will use this equation and the output to find the energy and create the graph

$$P(w) = \frac{E(J)}{T(s)}$$

We will write down our observations

Observations:

We were able to light up maximum 3 LED lights

We measured:

$$\begin{array}{r} 2.5 \text{ volts} \\ \times \\ \hline 3.6 \text{ amps} \\ \hline 9 \text{ watts} \end{array}$$

Conclusion: (confirm or deny your predictions with supporting evidence, explain possible errors, ask more questions)

Water wheel

solar panel

$$E = m \cdot t$$

$$E = q \cdot t \text{ (1 min)}$$

$$E = q \times 60$$

Time	Watts
1	540
2	1,080
3	1,620
4	2,160

$$5.825 \times .1165 = .678 \text{ watts}$$

$$F = .678 \times 60$$

time	watts
1	40.68
2	81.36
3	122.04
4	162.72

