INT Office:

Thomas: 'The Russian Revolution was one of the biggest Revolution in Europe, but how did it impact our modern times? In this video we are going to learn about it and it's impact through re-enactments and informative segments.'. First we'll go back to the early 1900s... (VOICE OVER)

(EXT in shed or something old looking

group aggressively rants about the corruption about political systems

Man 1: "Y'know the the tsar's wife?"

Man 2: "yeah, why?"

Man 1: "apparently she's one of those filthy Germans we're trying to fight against"

Man 3: "absolutely disgraceful. And I thought this leadership couldn't get any worse for this country after that war against the Japanese"

Man 2: "don't remind us of that war. that was not good on our part")

INT office

Brenton: As you can see, the citizens were fed up with their leadership for years since the Russo-Japanese war and after Russia's terrible results in much of World War One, all the anger was just building up. (OVER PICTURES)

INT hall

Tsar taking oath to become commands and chief.(ACT IT OUT)

Kaden: in 1915 the tsar became commander and chief of the military because of the war. For this, he was blamed for the bad results of the war.

EXT ditch

Russians trying to escape from battle and yelling(ACT IT OUT

INT office

Thomas: while all this was happening a self proclaimed saint and holy healer made his way into the royal family's ranks and influencing them after claiming to be able to help the tsar's son's hemophilia. In 1916 he was murdered by two high ranking generals after they decided to basically ambush him because his influence on the royal family was too high. This seriously affected people's trust in the tsar as they began to believe he was easily swayed and even corrupt. (Over pictures)

INT table

Rasputin at dinner with generals when he gets shot after a failed poisoning (ACT IT OUT)

INT office

Jude: Not long after the death of Rasputin, the revolution started off peaceful with no serious violence. This period was called the February revolution. It started out with the women's march

on February 23rd, 1917. Many women and girls went out to protest for their rights. It was very effective with the tsar stepping down within 2 months of the March. After this, Lenin returns from Finland. (Over pictures)

EXT street

People running away in random directions (act it out)

Thomas: the July days were an event during the Russian revolution where the provisional government clashed with Bolshevik protesters. (Pictures)

INT office

Brenton: In October, 1917 Lenin and his comrades stormed the provisional government and took over.

EXT battle scenes mix (act it out)

Jude: after this take over, a three civil war was sparked between the red, white, green, black and blue factions over the Bolshevik rule of Russia that ended with the execution of the royal family and the death of over 8 million people.

Outro

I'd say throughout this video we went through the full stages of the crane brinton theory.